## AMERICAN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY,

AT 143 NASSAU STREET.

NATHANIEL P. ROGERS, Editor.

No To whom Agents, Traveling and Local, will addre

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### PRO-SLAVERY RETREAT.

British Whiggery and Abolitionism

Before the Presidential election the British White of

with certain unalionable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the governed."

What a remarkable thing it is that Mr. Jefferson should have followed in the footsteps of the editor of the Troy Morning Mail so nearly, and yet not exactly! Astonishing "coincidence!" But we have not done with the subject—there are able he like. there are other brilliant ideas in the extracts we make from the learned gentleman's writings, which it seems have been so extensively copied by Thomas Jefferson; and there are ideas also in the same extract which Mr. Jefferson has never

"Mere color should not disfranchise a man. If he has intelligence, moral qualities, and all the attributes of a good, free citizen, he is entitled to exercise certain political rights, or the Declaration of Independence is grossly untrue. "We have been led to reflect upon this subject within a few days, since some of our remarks about the Irish have given such umbrage in certain quarters, claiming to be ex-

few days, since some of our remarks about the Irish have given such unbrage in certain quarters, claiming to be exclusively Democratic. Those who are to be governed should have a voice in the election of those who are to govern— This axiom is andisputed. The colored population in this State, who should be entitled to the political privileges of other citizens, exceeds 50,000. With a few solitary exceptions, they are entirely Zebarred from all the political privileges of freemen. An oflows exaction in the shape of property is imposed upon them. This exaction concedes the right of the colored people to vote. The pecuniary requisition, therefore, is arbitrary and intolerant, so long as the right is conceded.

"Most of the colored people in this State, are natives of it. They are identified with the soil and with the institutions of the country. In general intelligence, moral character, and in unexceptionable conduct, to say the least, they are equal to the mass of foreigners who emigrate to this country, and who exert immense influence at the polls.— Why, then, should they be disfranchised."

"Mere color should not disfranchise a man," nor should in the state of the color of the color of the disfranchise a man," nor should in the state of the colors of the color of the color of the colors of the colo

"Mere color should not disfranchise a man," nor should

a man be disfranchised on account of his color; but it yet remains to be proved that the African race are men, or belong to the human family, or are any thing more than a link in the chain which connects the human with the brute creation—and when it is established beyond controversy that negroes have "intelligence, moral qualities, and all the attributes of good free citizens," the time will have come when their right to stand side by side with the white man, to enjoy the privilege of choosing their own rulers, and to do all other acts and things that free white citizens now have the prerogative of doing, will be discussed with coolness, and a considerable show of gravity

This feeling of the British Whigs in favor of the "poor negro," is in perfect keeping with the action of the British Government. That paragon of excellence decreed the ruin of the British West Indies, and freed the slaves on all the Islands, and sacrificed the property and welfare of her subjects there, and the immense trade that was carried on between the two countries, for the purpose of secting an example for the United States to follow. To indemnify the people of those Islands for the loss of the property they had thus been robbed of, she taxed the poor white people of Great Britain and Ireland to the amount of one hundred militions of folders! and this too at a time when she was starving, and exterminating by fire and sword, the natives of the East Indies. This is British philanthropy, and it hath this extent, no more. Britain would raise cotton by the labor of the East Indies slaves, and be no longer necessitated to procure her supplies from this country. If she were really philanthropic, why not bend her efforts towards the amelioration of men whom God never designed for servihave the prerogative of dong, with described with color of the British Wings in layer of the "portue gro," is in part of the British Wings in layer of the "portue gro," is in part of the British Wings in layer of the "portue gro," is in part of the British Wings in layer of the "portue gro," is in part of the British Wings in layer of the "portue gro," is in part of the British Wings in layer of the "portue gro," is in part of the British Wings in layer of the "portue gro," is in part of the British Wings in layer of the British Wings in layer of the British Wings in layer of the group of the gro

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1840.

Let us BEWARE then! BEWARE the South! BEWARE the North! BEWARE all ye who know your rights, are jealous of your liberties, and LOVE THE REPUBLIC!

## SELECTIONS.

From the New Lisbon Aurora

Of the trial of Rev. Pro-slavery for treason before his hor or Judge Scripture; assisted by judges Conscience an

anny more witnesses at hand, which would prove substantially the same things as had now been proved, but he thought what he had already proved amply sufficient for his purpose; he would not take up the time of the court in examining any more, and was willing to submit the case to the jury without argument. To this proposition, the counsel for the prosecution agreed. for the prosecution agreed.

The judge then gave a charge to the jury, who retired, and after an absence of five minutes, they returned a verdict of GUILTY.

Chief justice Scripture then pronounced the following

PRO-SLAVERY: You have been arraigned before this court charged with treason against the government of heaven, and after a patient investigation of the case, an inneartial jury have found you guilty. It now becomes my painful duty to pronounce the sentence of the law. The crime for which you have been arraigned is one of no Common magnitude. In the situation in which you have been placed, you must have exerted a very considerable influence on the minds of those around you. The stand which you took, or rather should have taken, when you entered upon the high and holy duty of expounding the word of God to fallen man, should have led you to look above the world, the fear of man, and worldly applause; but, you basely "bowed the knee to the dark spirit of slavery." You PRO-SLAVERY: You have been arraigned before this bought and sold, or aided and assisted in buying and selling those who have descended from the same common parent with yourself. You have literally aided and assisted in making laws to prevent people from learning to read the scriptures. It matters not that you were in a situation where a majority of those who supported you approved your course; you should have remembered that though persons sometimes approve of treason, they invariably despise the twice.

The sentence of the court is, that you be taken to the The sentence of the court is, that you be taken to the place from whence you came, and be there imprisoned until the first day of August, 1841; that on that day between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 2 o'clock, P. M., you be led out to some elevated place, and be there exposed to the public gaze for the space of three hours; that you then be 'turned loose'—but that you shall not be alwayd for a way and hang spaceal.

owed to 'go away and hang yourself.'
Reported by

## BY EDWARD D. BARBER.

since the first of January, 1798. The Constitution of the United States gives Congeces the power to prohibit the importance of salves. The counsel for the defendant here remarked that he had any more witnesses at hand, which would prove substantially the same things as had now been proved, but he bought what he had already proved amply sufficient for hought what he had already proved amply suf

And here we have a remark of two to deer, touching this prosecution and trial. And first, in regard to Mr. Frink—This we think a case of peculiar hardship; and such seems to be almost the universal sentiment, wherever the facts are known. Here was an honest, industrious, and very respectable citizen of Amherst, called upon to couvey these serthe most of them have gradually thrown off the disease.—There is nothing in Kentucky to make slavery eternal; nothing in the climate, nothing in the soil, nothing in the climate, nothing in the soil, nothing in the climate, nothing in the soil, nothing in the products, nothing in the circumstances, by which we are surrounded. I have not made up my mind that slavery shall exist here forever; revolutions in time must and will come. Let us not be of those who, having eyes, see not; and ears, hear not. God grant that we may avoid the dreadful remedy which some of the States have made up their mind to bear—slavery, till extermination shall give to the whites or to the blacks entire supremacy.

Kentucky is in the midst of the States; her destiny is more intimately bound up in our federal government than that of any other in the Union. If the Union is dissolved, we must become a border State, a-province in importance, whether we attach ourselves to the North or to the South; but while the Union lasts, we stand as mediators between the North and the South. Not entirely a free State, yethaving so few slaves as not to identify us with the South as a mediators between the North and the South. Not entirely a free State, yethaving so few slaves as not to identify us with the South as a mediators between the North and the South. Not entirely a free State, yethaving so few slaves as not to identify us with the South as a mediators between the North and the South. Not entirely a free State, yethaving so few slaves as not to identify us with the South as a mediators between the North and the South, but while the Union lasts, we stand as mediators between the North and the South. Not entirely a free State, yethaving so few slaves as not to identify us with the South as a mediator of the Sou

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From the Liberator. Third Political Party.

the third party movement for self-preservation is like the thoughtless Hibernian, who, in the midst of a gale of wind at sea, tied himself to the anchor, so that he might float se-

What, then, shall we do? Organize a political party b

go for the movement. It says 'The National Standard has made it an article of its creed, that to scatter is better than to concentrate. The Birney ticket is therefore a great heresy. It is a departure from the

old platform, we suppose. Certainly it is, a wide departure. The creed of the Standard is the old anti-slavery creed. Since the attempt has been made to improve 'the old platform,' confusion has come into our ranks, and every evil work. Up to that hour, we were a united and an invincible band, and our moral and

oblitical growth such as to astonish every pro-slavery sect and party in the land.

The Philanthropist aims to be a model of courtesy; and yet, while it is administering a rebuke to N. P. Rogers and the Standard on account of the severity of their language, t speaks of 'the venomous hostility' of the former, and actually the standard on account of the severity of the former, and actually the standard of our transfer of the several standard of our

The Granite State.

NUMBER 27.

New Hampshire is a rocky State, and therefore

Our cause has advanced to a trying crisis—and it will row the more trying as it advances. As we advance far her into the enemy's country, and hoist higher our free flag

the perishing slave.

They can desert their dedicated temples. But they can

not retreat from their responsibilities. They may leave for a time to plead to empty walls. But these walls we near us, and re-echo our burning speech in their ears. They will cry out and the beam shall answer them, and the They will cry out and the beam shall answer them, and the awful truths we proclaim will disclose themselves in "hand writing on the walls" when they assemble for their formal worship. They may hide themselves in scorn away from our humble meetings. But they cannot hide themselves away from Him whose poor are crying to Him and to them for help in their dire extremity. Adam could not secrete himself among the trees of the garden. The wail of the bondman will disturb their unfeeling repose at night, and haunt them in the mercenary hours of the day.—Herald of Freedom.

slaveholding America, in cotton wool, in rice, tobacco-ther produce, all which may be grown in British hrough the industry of freemen and British subjects. nen who are true friends of the enslaved.

This sounds like old-fashioned abolitionism. There was then no division in the anti-slavery ranks, but all saw eye to eye. Alas! how changed is the state of things!

We are amused to see the sensitiveness of the 'Philian-thropist' on this subject, since it has taken back all that it once published against a third party, and is now disposed to isfaction to be able to testify also to the superior character forth as a chosen delegate of the American Anti-Slavery Society, and who possesses the unlimited and deserved confilence of the colered population of the United States.—Scot-

Let there be Light.—One of the miseries of a lecturing agent is, to be necessitated to address an audience in the evening in a hall or meeting-house so badly lighted as to make 'darkness visible,' and to shroud in sepulchral gloom the countenances of all present. There is, in many places, a shameful negligence on this score, or a miserable economy which deserves special and hearty execration. It is not possible for any person to lecture so well, under such circumstances, or for the audience to feel so deeply interested as he and they would if they could plainly see each other's form and features. That patience may not be outraged—that pain may not usurp the place of pleasure—that both speaker and hearer may meet on the best possible terms—we call upon those who have all lawful supervision in these 'cases made and provided,' especially in our country towns, to see to it, before they invite another individual to address them on any subject, that they have good oil in their lamps—lamps and oil in abundance—and good wicks trimmed well for the occasion. Let there be light—more light—light enough. But let no one make 'light' of this sable complaint, unless he means to redress it in the most luminous inanner. We are constantly receiving applications, from all quarters, to address the people on various subjects, but it is not in our power to comply with them all, be abesing from anong them, however, we shall be methic. Let there be Light .- One of the miseries of a lecturing subjects, but it is not in our power to comply with them all. In choosing from among them, however, we shall be mightily inclined to go where we can be assured that we shall not and that light shall enjoy a perfect triumph over darkness—Liberator. have to talk to spectres in the shape of murky spectators.

Ladies' Anti-Slavery Societies .- Those whose desire it is Ladies' Anti-Slavery Societies.—Those whose desire it is to shut out from society as much as possible all humane and softening influences, those who are grieved to lose the despotic sway of the lazy savage or of the licentious Turk, may well hate Ladies' Anti-Slavery Societies. But why should enlightened Christians, who profess to admire the peculiar benevolence of the female character, and to invoke its aid in purifying, elevating, and saving the world, hate them? Where in the universe should woman interede, with those prayers and tears of hers, which all but brutes respect, if not between the proud, avaricious, cruel American slave-inasters, and their trembling, broken-hearted slaves?

slaves?

We set an equal value on the manhood and the abolitionism of the man who rails at Female Anti-Slavery Societies.

—A. S. Record.

How to Christianize Africa!—The last African Reposi-ory contains a letter from Governor Buchanan, of Liberia, the conclusion of which he says—

"The guns are all mounted in the fort, and I am only waiting the arrival of line from Junk to commence the magazine and armory. The battery and light-house on the Cape, also I expect to have completed during the season."

Oape, also I expect to have completed during the season.'

Powder, and balls, and guns, and armories, must be excellent accompaninents to the missionary operations in Liberia! They cannot fail to reach the hearts of the natives, and to do the work of regeneration effectually. We shall, doubtless, soon hear of some 'holy wars' for the extension of Christianity in that quarter of the globe. But the subject is too painful, too afflicting for irony. It is an insult to the moral sense of the world to call Liberia a missionary settlement.—Liberator.

Indiana Convention.—The semi-annual meeting of Indiana abolitionists held on the 9th ult., at Economy. Wayne County, we learn, was very largely attended. 600 abolitionists were said to be present. The meeting recommended a National Convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

### COMMUNICATIONS.

No. VII.

DEATH PREFERENT TO SLAVERY.—Anthony Salaigna removed from St. Domingo, in the West Indies, to the State of New Jersey, and took with him several slaves, and among the number Kanaine, the subject of the following notice After remaining in that State some years, he concluded send Romanie, and his wife and child, back to the Wost Indies; and as Romaine manifested great reluctance to return there, he confined him in prison some time previous to that fixed upon for sending him. After he had been a few days in confinement, a man was engaged to take him, with his wife and child, in a carriage, to Newcastle, in the State of Delaware, from whence they were to be shipped to the West Indies. They left Trenton late in the evening of 11th 100. 3d, 1802, and arrived in Philadelphia, at the inn kept by P. Howell, in Second street, between Mulberry and Sas safras, about 4 o'clock the next morning, in custody of a Frenchman, and John Musgrave, a constable of the city o Trenton, who had undertaken to see the colored people of livered at Newcastle. They appeared to be in great haste having travelled all night. While at the inn, several per sons remarked that Romaine and his wife appeared very much dejected. When breakfast was offered them, they declined eating, and the wife rose from the table, and making an excuse to go out, soon disappeared. Search was immediately instituted, but without effect. At length, Ro-

mission of the deed by a dread of slavery—saw the deceased cut his throat and fall on the pavement; he drew the knife across his throat three times—no person was near him.\*

" Suicide, occasioned by the dread of slavery, to which the

gaity of their proceedings; and, I was informed, that the inquest wore clearly of opinion, that the procedure was unauthorized by law; and strongly urged that those menshould be taken before the proper authority, that the affair might be inquired into.

An officer was sent for, and the Frenchman was arrested and taken before Alderman John Douglass, not so much from a desire to punish him, as to procure the manumission of the woman and child. Upon getting to the magistrate's, he stated, with much confidence, that if we would accompany him to a house in Spruce street, a few doors above Fifth, he could satisfy us that he was innocent in the affair, and we concluded to comply with his request,—and we left the office, (that is, two members of the Abolition Seciety. the office, (that is, two members of the Abolition Society beside myself, and the Franchman.) Upon arriving at the place designated, we were introduced into the back parlor, which we found filled with Frenchmen, some of whom stepped in between our prisoner and us, and let him out the back way, without attempting any explanation. They soon showed signs of violence, and my two companions withdrew, when they laid hold of me and carried me out and deposited me upon the step of the front door, and immediately closed it. We returned to the magistrate and reported the result of our mission, and then separated to go to our respective homes. As I was walking deliberately down tact again with the Frenchman, who had been a few minutes before rescued, and before he was aware of it, I took him by the button of his coat, and observed, "We have met again" He was very much alarmed, and at once said he as would do anything I desired. He accordingly procured the manumission of the woman and child, when he was set at

very good looking; their features were regular, and gave they had been faithful slaves.

It will be seen that the circumstances here related no curred many years ago, but they made such a deep impres sion on my mind, that he are now as fresh before me as though it was but yesterday.

We often hear it said that the slaves are contented and happy. This case is but one, among many, that has comto my knowledge, where they have preferred death to

## NATIONAL ANTI-SLAVERY STANDARD.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1840.



Who could have thought, while contemplating the lofty effusions of our anti-slavery hard, that "new organization"

In this throat—no person was near him.

John Musgrave, constable, secons—Says he accompanied deceased, a woman and child, from Trenton, at the desire of a Mr. Salaignac, with whom he agreed to see them as far as Newcastle, from whence, he understood, they were to be shipped to the West Indies—did not wish to undertake in at first, but applied to the Mayor, who told him he might to at Newcastle—got no provisions for them on the road.

The French gentleman supermediate would wish to undertake the friend was a Ducleas, and perhaps her callin, clear, and shuffer have spoken thus of it! Would he not have spoken thus of it! Would he not have been out from his Amesbury retreat with another would Whittier have spoken thus of it! Would he not have been out from his Amesbury retreat with another ing, while he was rejecting Lucretia Mott from a seat on allege for the dissolution of my connexion with your society, is a secondal length of the Reasons that you now would Whittier have spoken thus of it! Would he not have been out from his Amesbury retreat with another would Whittier have spoken thus of it! Would he not have been out from his Amesbury retreat with another ing, while he was rejecting Lucretia Mott from a seat on the floor of Freemasons' Hall, where Sussex did not "constitute have been out from his Amesbury retreat with another would Whittier have spoken thus of it! Would he not have been out from his Amesbury retreat with another would Whittier have spoken thus of it! Would he not have been out from his Amesbury retreat with another would Whittier have spoken the controversy which exists, and is likely and the floor of Freemasons' Hall, where Sussex did not "constitute have been out from his Amesbury retreat with another would Whittier have spoken the would with the meth of our such leaves the math out from a seat on the floor of Freemasons' Hall, where Sussex did not "constitute have been out from his Amesbury retreat with another would Whittier have spoken the floor of Freemasons' Hall, where Sussex did not "

ing, as I would the familiar face of an old friend, I am induced, albeit not in the writing mood, to send thee a line : and thus commune in letter as well as in spirit with my Pennsylvania friends. I am glad to see the details of the World's Anti-Slavery Convention(1) published at length in The following is a copy of the certificate of the Mayor, to which was affixed the seal of the city of Trenton, and

on the part of its writer rowards the Society of Friends, whose discipline and testimonics the men, whose discipline and testimonics he has long since discarded. Who are the men, whose characters are assaled in this miserable suspicion (13)—The Surges, Allexanders and Staceys,—the "Orthodox Quarters" of England—the men who according to the concurrent testimony of all, have been the very soul and sines of the Anti-Slavery enter the very soul and sines of the Anti-Slavery enterprise, from the outset —who, in the part of its writer towards whose discarded. When asked why he continued in the chair when two woman and testimonics he has long since discarded. When asked why he continued in the chair when two woman and testimonics he has long since discarded. Who are the men, whose characters are assaled in this miserable suspicion (13)—The Surges, Allexanders and Staceys,—the "Orthodox Quarters" of England—the men who according to the concurrent testimony of all, have been the very soul and sines of the Anti-Slavery enterprise, from the outset —who, in the part of its writer towards woman, but hardly up to the old countries, we think. We hope to long the contributions scruples for peace and units. We think our third part the contribution of the was willing to "seet aside his consciousless to repentance? We ask not, now, whether that asked why he continued in the chair when two woman in about the estimation they learned to nold her in of their materials they learned to nold her in of their materials and the country. They are despotic enough towards woman, but hardly up to the old countries, we think. We hope to what the ecclesiastical "bulwark" is a sound on the chair when two woman in about the estimation they learned to noise the country. They are despotic enough towards woman, but hardly up to the old countries, we think. We hope to what the missing the contributions scruples to the old countries.

When ask not, now in the classification of their materials in about the estimate of their materials and the standard of

sectatian prejudice.

The gifted editor of the Herald of Freedom, who was or

(1) Have a care of "poetical flourishes," friend W. "The (10) "Other distinct and extraneous matter"! There

"The pledged philanthropy of earth !" telligence that no such Convention was in session there- because they sent a woman to represent them! tion was held.

I saw the lifeless body of Romaine lying on the pavement his banner in the anti-slavery field. He is transferred to the dry statistics of the London Conference—not without. or printed among the doings of the Conference. before me, with the throat cut almost from ear to ear. My another service—can it be so !—his high powers enlisted in Slavery will live forever on such fare—or in spite of its claimed within myself, How long! O Lord, shall new to the presidency of these United States!! This adlard! My mind was introduced into sympathy with the
lard! My mind was introduced into sympathy with the
sufferer. I thought of the agony he must have endured besufferer at thought of the agony he must have endured before he could have resolved upon the desperate deed. By
his sufferings he was driven to desperation, and he preferred
larnching into the unknown regions of eternity, to an endurance of slavery. He knew what he had to expect, from
what he had experienced when in the West Indies before,
and he was determined not to submit to the same degradawell at the same degradathe submitted states!! This adto the world at the world and baneful protone of Congress. Not so, had that body been what it was called
to the "World's Convention!" They arbitrarily and tyramically—yea, despotito the world and the door in the face of delegates from antslavery be premitted to curse the
vocacy is not unit-slavery be permitted to curse the
vocacy is not unit-slavery be premitted to curse the
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vocacy is not unit-slavery be premitted to curse the
vocacy is not unit-slavery be premitted to the rightful equality at this meet.

In your present movement for a Council, you say
that you have omitted from your "General Statement" of
the reasons of your call, on the local curse of the reasons of your call, on the vocacy is not unit-slavery be premitted to the rightful equality at this meet.

In your present movement for a Council, you as a world. The world to the rightful equality at this meet.

In your present movement for a Council, you as a well expended to the rightful question fear the worl

kinds of this, the most to be deprecated is that which de- of this has force to abolish American slavery. grades woman. It is the most dishonoring and the most injurious to our cause. We would much rather man were had rather have one Mary Clark, than John Scoble, Joseph Sturge, Judge Birney, Prince Albert, and Duke Sussex, all put together, and multiplied any fold you please.

have based themselves on any thing behind that. Those regard to anti-slavery, &c. resolutions were well enough, but not worth going the world He attended a little meeting of independent an over to pass them. The London Committee might pass worshippers, as he had equal right to do. meetings. There were two things, however, incident to attempting to show him that he way wrong as a Christian "The Protest," and the position in the gallery. Friend W. from our anti-slavery sheets. They could not even glean here,-while they may reap harvests of encouragement in the prints of new organization.

World's Convention" was but one one of thine, and it led was a Convention of anti-slavery delegates. Certain deler Few of our readers can be ignorant of the cont us, according to the British Committee, a wild goose chase gates presented their credentials of delegation, and they which has existed for a long time between Mr. PIRIPONT over the Atlantic. That Convention has not been holden were rejected. A member moved they be received and conover the Atlantic. That Convention has not been holden and its "details" are unsginary. There was one summons sidered, and friend W. calls it moving "extraneous matter" proprietors of the meeting-house in which he preaches. We Island Anti-Slavery Society were briefly noticed last week we were delegated to it, by the American Anti-Sla- Then the organization of any meeting is a matter extrane- say the proprietors of the meeting-house-not the church or very Society, and the little Spartan band of abolitionists in our to that meeting. What, then, is intrinsic? Friend W. the congregation—for a large majority of the latter are en-New Hampshire, and we went "dreaming" over the water talks of "Woman's Rights." That was not the question. tirely satisfied with his course; while the prenament leaders It was whether the American Anti-Slavery Society was of the opposition do not even attend his meeting having,

Whittier." We assure friend W. that no such Conven- stavery, and abolitionists cannot call it anti-slavery. "We some extent, with the abolitionists. They have tried vaare all anti-slavery at the North," says the pro-slavery min-(2) Which of its "proceedings" most commends itself to ister, or politician. "We don't hold slaves; we allow no which show them to be utterly void of honorand moral prinriend W.'s approval, its rejection of the national American slavery here." Are they not, nevertheless, pro-slavery !- ciple-personners and assassing at heart; but, hitherto, all delegates, or its denial of the vital right of protest? These The Lordon Committee call slaveholding a sin, and flout their plottings and machinations have been signally defeatwere sample of its proceedings. Of its anti-slavery resolves at Americans for being slaveholders. But when anti-slave- ed. Every move, in fact, which they have made, has only we say nothing. They were well enough, as far as they ry sends its delegates to London, that Committee rejects sunk them deeper in the mire, at the same time that it has went. They came, however, altogether short of the occa- them. So the pro-slavery minister and politician here, elevated higher, and still higher, in the estimation of all house sion, and were hardly worth going 3,000 miles to pass. We while they claim to be against slavery, will denounce the orable men, him whom they have abused and persecuted. do not fancy circumnavigating the globe, or a third of the abolition movement, and mob our meetings. One is glori- Several months ago, they ventured to table certain charges do not fancy circumnavigating the globe, or a third of the abolition movement, and mob our meetings. One is gione, to reiterate self-evident truisms—the assertion of onesy anti-slavery as truly as the other, however they may against Mr. Pierpout, and agreed to go before a mutual those churches proved to be selfish and power-seeking be. globe, to reiterate self-evident truisms—the assertion of onsiy anti-slavery as truly as the other, however they may against all. Ferpens and laymen, to investigate them, and differ in pro-slavery degree. We say that, on the whole, Council of ministers and laymen, to investigate them, and differ in pro-slavery degree. We say that, on the whole, have more important anti-slavery business at home than all the new organized abolitionism is in effect and in charac- decide upon their truth or falsehood. Before the time, howter pro-slavery. A clear anti-slavery eye, or single eye, sees ever, when this Council was to meet, they violated their

maine was ordered to get into the carriage, and he proceedmaint-slavery has no right to flourish, but moral character. Next
would ever be able to "tame" or to "catch" his etherial
to European usage, however long established, is entitled to
more spect. It is not a conscience. Conscience does not
they attempted to change the issue, and proposed to lim to
they attempted to change the into the proceedwould ever be able to "tame" or to "catch" his form to only in the proceedwould one side of him, and the Frenchman on the other. Here he to all further co-operation in the enterprise of which he has communion Conference. No more like a "World's Convention on the other. It should be settled this matter. passed, and looking around him, saked, "Must I go?" The reply was, Yes. "And alone "Yes, you must. At that instant, he took a groung knife that he look a groung knife that he so-cated Christian Church is freemediably ever been the ornament and pride? It may be to humble us the look a groung knife that he look a groung knife that he so-cated Christian Church is freemediably ever been the ornament and pride? It may be to humble us the look a groung knife that he so-cated Christian Church is freemediably ever been the ornament and pride? It may be to humble us the look a groung knife that he so-cated Christian Church is freemediably ever been the ornament and pride? It may be to humble us the look a groung knife that he so-cated Christian Church is freemediably ever been the ornament and pride? It may be to humble us the look a groung knife that he so-cated Christian Church is freemediably was it, than new organization is like old—or than have been considered and settled as a matter of principle. It is not the look a groung knife that he so-cated Christian Church is freemediably was it, than new organization is like old—or than have been considered and settled as a matter of principle. It is not to this new proposition has just been considered and settled as a matter of principle. It is not to this new proposition in the dust, that star after star in our enterprise is thus start. It should the so-cated Christian Church is free dust, the start is not in the contract of principle. It is not to this new proposition in the contract of principle. It is not to this new proposition in the contract of principle. It is not to this new proposition in the contract of principle. It is not to this reply was, Yes. "And alone "Yes, you must. At that instant, he took a pruning knife that he had in his pocket, and stepping on to the foot-way, drew it across his throat with such force as to sever the jugular vein. He fell upon the pavement, and, in a very little time, was a corpse.

As they had travelled all night, and insufered was some scheme in agitation, several persons at the inn apprehended that there was some scheme in agitation, that there was some scheme in agitation.

The dust, that star after star in our enterprise is thus starting from its starting our enterprise is thus starting our enterprise is thus starting from its starting our enterprise is thus start in our enterprise is thus start in our enterprise is thus start in our enterprise is thus starting our enterprise is thus start in our enterprise is t would not have been disposed of by the misgivings of the noble Thompson, the bigotry of Sturge, the servite uppish-

(13) No matter "who." It is not who men are, but what whole soul was filled with horror, and as I stood viewing the advocacy of the claims of the "Great American remedial effect. It will thrive on it as the foreign slave they are, and what they do. And what did these men, bethe corpse and ruminating on the awful spectacle, I exclaimed within myself, flow long! O Lord, shall ney) to the presidency of these United States!! This ad-

The French gentlemens are not of the stage—and in out to at Newcastle—got no provisions of the most provisions of

she will trample on that. They will risk her anti-slavery, Jamaica freemen? If they are, they are more than their RY."—Our readers have already been informed that this is a third political party was also fully discussed, pro and con-"Suicide, occasioned by the dread of slavery, to which the deceased knew himself devoted."

Great excitement prevailed among the people generally, and much sympathy was manifested for the wife and child the Frenchman and the constable were doubtlul of the Frenchman and the constable were doubtlul of the gality of their proceedings; and, I was informed, that the gality of their proceedings; and, I was informed, that the gality of their proceedings; and, I was informed, that the gality of their proceedings; and, I was informed, that the gality of their proceedings; and, I was manifested to it that we do not gladden the heart of the slavery, to which the slavery to the uniterally and onder valuing its really slowing the departure and the constable were doubtlul of the least of the slavery to the slavery to the slavery to the sure, they are not slaves. Compared with slavery cares nothing for abstract resolutions, provided those who have resorted to such that their old masters ever were, or their fellow subjects in England. To be sure, they are not slaves. Compared with slavery and let us see was given it to do, it has done, to the uttermost. For this let im positical party was also fully discussed, pro and considering the utile of a pamphlet, published by James G. Birney, in the title of a pamphlet, published the title of a pamp (8) Nothing aids the enemy, like despotism and slave- hands of the fire-tried abolitionism of New England. We one, (and that it is, it were absurd to doubt,) then it seems legate, Wm. Adams, in refusing to take a seat in the Lor-

> worthiness. We spoke only of competency to carry on our wark." Will "the terse literature of the northern ballot- ing the Convention, he declined giving them, and was in rejected than woman. We can better spare him from the enterprise. He does far less for its advancement. He is reject woman from constitution of more legislated and the enterprise of the northern ballotters of the northern ballotters. Will "the terse interature of the northern ballotters, and was box," (to use the quaint expression of Alvan Stewart, in hopes nothing would be said about new organization. enterprise. He does far less for its advancement. He is not able to do so much for it. Anti-slavery is peculiarly very secret woman from equality of moral rights with man—and to the words, the universal panacea of the third party, puri-had no objection to women speaking or voting in anti-slavery to any reference to the party of the party of

of one New Hampshire woman, such as we have many of in kinton jail for being "conscientiously scrupulous," as a there is the very pinch; most of them shrink from such an evening, very interesting and able addresses were listened (9) If that Conference was not "a failure," then our en- N. H. Of his ardent and heavenly-inited piety—his deterprise will be a failure. It has already, in that case, spent votedness to the cause of Christ—his exemplary life and pro-slavery pulpit; in other words, they have a higher staterelf. It is functus officio. We do not assert that all it conversation, it behooves not on to speak. They are known dard by which to measure their candidates for political office did was useless or wrong. We have made the most of their to all the people of this place, who, however they may deanti-slavery resolves we could. But, considering the occasion, to go no further than they did, was in effect to defeat from him the most spotless character. The pulpit of his communion with Hubbard Winslow, and receiving ordinathe meeting. They sacrificed humanity to British usage.

This was worse than nothing, a good deal. Their meeting house was occupied by a pro-slavery minister. The church occupied a position of most inconsistent character on Methodist church, in spite of its atter rateources on the is to be taken all together, in estimating it. Remember, it this subject and other moral subjects of the day. Brother question of slavery! Look at James G. Birney, in full was a meeting of all nations, or of the people of all nations. Wood, to bear his testimony against that position, absented communion with the Presbyterian church, which constitutes, They went a great way to meet. They should have started, when together, on the advance ground of the freest spirits and freest lands of the whole. They should not a right to do, and was bound to, as he felt and believed in

The church called him to account for it, and

The military power stood ready to take him and carry him

see the article on the first page, from the New Era.

Mr. Plerpont and his Parish

competent to choose its own delegates, or whether the Lon- in several instances, become pow-holders for the avowed "The pledged philanthropy of earth " competent to choose its own delegates, or whether the LonBut we were awakened from our "dream," at London, by

don Committee should choose for them. It was whether the purpose of procuring his dismission! The secret of their purpose of procuring his dismission!

[pland State Anti-Slavery Society has been held. Its less.]

[pland State Anti-Slavery Society has been held.] the British and Foreign Committee, with the consoling in- Society should be insulted and dishonored before the world, hatred and opposition lies in the fact, that Mr. Pierpont has been an active friend and a warm advocate of the tempethat we had been hoased, by a "poetical flourish of John G. (11) Its character as a whole is not anti-slavery, but pro-If he plead that it was a "poetical flourish," we reply, that an interval and the conscience that will defer genuine abolitionism of the charges which they had brought against him—charges which in prove of course of the conscience that will defer genuine abolitionism of the charges which they had brought against him—charges which in prove of course of the conscience that will defer genuine abolitionism. written agreement, and refused to go to trial upon the bear the light of day; and, about sun rise, a man came and in deathless verse, and bursting forth on tyranny in volcanic into meeting in the first interest in the light of day; and, about sun rise, a man came and in deathless verse, and bursting forth on tyranny in volcanic oxplosion, as it developed itself from time to time, under the interest of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread accede to their last proposition, and holds them to their present of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread and water. It was the miracle that sustained him his 40 Colver, who played the ecclesiastical Atherton there, by it is the proposition, and holds them to their present of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread and water. It was the miracle that sustained him his 40 Colver, who played the ecclesiastical Atherton there, by it is the proposition, and holds them to their present of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread and water. It was the miracle that sustained him his 40 Colver, who played the ecclesiastical Atherton there, by it is proposition, and holds them to their present of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread the Rode Island Anti-Slavery Society has ness of Scoble, or the new organized sneers of Colver,—
Colver, who played the ecclesiastical Atherton there, by it is proposition, and holds them to their present of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread the Rode Island Anti-Slavery Society has accede to their last proposition, and holds them to their present of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread the Rode Island Anti-Slavery Society has accede to their last proposition, and holds them to their present of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread the Rode Island Anti-Slavery Society has accede to their last proposition, and holds them to their present of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread the Rode Island Anti-Slavery Society has accede to their last proposition, and holds them to their present of the Trishbite, we believe, was but bread to the Rode Island Anti-Slavery Society has accede to their regard as unfortunate, if not fatal to their cause. Crowded having the form of life beauty that the life beauty the life beauty the life beauty the life beauty that the life beauty the as our columns are at the present time, we must, never-theless, find room for the following extract, which will serve church, and many of the members of the Rhode Island Anas a specimen of the tone and spirit of the whole produc-

with all had experienced when in the West Indies before, and he was determined not to submit to the same degradation, and missery spain.

The coroner made his appearance in a short time after the fatal catastrophe had occurred, when a jury was called, and the following proceedings were had.

William Beaton, the coachman, swern—Says he was the divere of the carriage, was employed to go as far as New castle—arrived in town this morning about 4 o'clock, with the decased, who, with his carriage roady to carry them to New-castle—arrived in town this morning about 4 o'clock, with the decased, who, with his carriage roady to carry them to New-castle—arrived in town this morning about 4 o'clock, with the decased, who, with his carriage roady to carry them to New-castle—arrived in town this morning about 4 o'clock, with the decased, who, with his carriage roady to carry them to New-castle—as the store—of the state and submitmated to appreciate substantial and sober rejected by "British usage," for his unusual complexion; John Musgrase, constable, neon-m-Says he secompanied to the server of the decases of the server of the decase of the server of the decase of the reachment of the same degrates to the fatal catastrophe had occurred, when a jury was called.

William Beaton, the coachman, swern—Says he was the divisor of the carriage, was employed to go as far as New castle—as which the political branch of its deserved on the morning about 4 o'clock, with the decased, who, with his carriage roady to carry them to New-castle—as which the political branch of its deserved on the region of the Rhode Island delegate, and proving of the refusal of the Rhode Island delegate, and proving of the refusal of the Rhode Island delegate, and proving of the refusal of the Rhode Island delegate, and proving of the refusal of the Rhode Island delegate, and proving of the refusal of the Rhode Island delegate, and proving of the refusal of the Rhode Island delegate, and proving of the refusal of the Rhode Island delegate, and proving of the

any unrecaned slave. Why, it ought to have dismantled the meeting! Wendell Phillips ought to have turned that massive lodge-room into a Revolutionary Fanueil Hall, and Green Mountain Miller to have played the moral Ethan Allen there. But they were not in old Boston, or at Ticonmittee. Indeed it has more than the "property and standled the grant of the principles of genuine abolitionism than the London Committee. Indeed it has more than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles" of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the London Committee. Indeed it has more than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolitionism than the "property and standled the principles of genuine abolition of American slavery." The following is a copy of the certificate of the Mayor, to which was affixed the seal of the city of Tenton, and which was affixed the seal of the city of Tenton, and which was handed to the impuss.

"State of New Jersey.

"Gity of Tenton, ss.

To all whom it may concern, I, James Ewing, Mayor of said city, do hereby certify, that Monasor Anthony Salary which repeats the finish control of the word was all but maken it will be the more of the word with a thesa maken it will be the more of the control of the word which was all but maken it will be the more of the control of the word who see them of to us.

To all whom it may concern, I, James Ewing, Mayor of said city, do hereby certify, that Monasor Anthony Salary which it has been the voice which it has sent ever the waters, those and inhabitust of the siland of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes to each the more of London Committee. We would have been at the word to the word the word that the sent city of Tenton, and which was all but much in the said city, do hereby certify, that Monasor Anthony Salary which repeats and the solor, but the said city, do hereby certify, that Monasor Anthony Salary which repeats a sent or each said of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes to each of the said of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes to each of the said of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes the case of the said of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes the case of the said of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes the said of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes the said of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes the said of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes the said of St. Dominations and reproscuent and the said of St. Dominations and reprosches of those once sizes the said of St. Dominations and reproscuent and the said of St. Dominations and reproscuent and the said of St. Dominations and reproscuent and the said of St. Dominations and r

trust our enterprise in such hands. It is hardly safe in the obstacle to be removed. If the foreign view be the correct The resolution approving the course pursued by their deholding spirit in an anti-slavery organization. And of all go for the largest, proper, human Liberty. Nothing short pertinent to inquire whether the leading measure of the don Conference, called forth a declaration from Charles W. new organization, of which Mr. Birney is the chosen head Denison, that he should enter his protest in favor of the (18) Not "less worthy." We made no comparison of and representative, is adapted to the removal of "the bul- Convention, &c. When called upon for his views respect-Christian, "of bearing arms,"—but he has been excommu- application of their principles; and at the same time that to by a crowded audience, from Abby Kelley and Nathaniel nicated by the Reverend Mr. Noyea' Church, for being alike they demand an entire renunciation of the great political H. Whiting. "scrupulous," as a Christian, of supporting a pro-slavery parties, (not merely a refusal to vote for pro-slavery candipulpit. He was a deacon of the South Church, Concord, dates,) they show no signs of leaving their pro-slavery

II > For the latest specimen of the prevailing democracy. Congress met on Monday. The President's mes not arrived when our paper went to press.

## THE CHRONICLE.

Rhode Island,

The proceedings of the late annual meeting of the Rhode last, will be perused with interest

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 29, 1840.

timonics have been in layer of the American Anti-Slavery Society, with its shoreless platform, its spirit of teleration ry, and its beautiful organ, which, with the same spirit that animated the Society's official paper in days of yore, is ever ready to do battle in the bottest of the conflict

How mistaken are those who think, that, because some who have been eminent among us, and others who have been called prodent, have withdrawn, and given a new presentation of anti-slavery to the world, that the old American The American churches were recorded on the annals of this

Society as the strong-holds of American slavery. Are not they not decide the poor ! Do they not abet slavery ? Do they not calumniate the colored man, and slander his advodoubted that the so-called Christian Church is irremediably having the form of life, are yet dead. Resolutions of a ti-Slavery Society, will not only live up to them, but also beer other testinomes against this corrupt and baneful pro-

The character of the discussions was grave, deliberative, and earnest. Perhaps no speaker produced a better effect on the audience than Abby Kelley. When she spoke of

which we would gladly publish in full, if the information it contains had not been mostly anticipated by the notice in our last from the Liberator, and by what will be found in our

Charlotte, daughter of Clementine, now about three years, children of Marie Navel, and Charlotte, daughter of Clementine, now about three years old, and that it is the opinion of counsel learned in the law, that he hath full power, agreeably to the laws of this State, and the United States, to remove the aboverenctioned slaves, together with the remainder of his family, back to his own country.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal, this 19th day of October, 1802.

Almas Evince, Magor.

The jury, after a short consultation, rendered the following verifies:

"Suicide, occasioned by the dread of slavery, to which the seal, occasioned by the dread of slavery, to which the seal of the sea

That notwithstanding the flend-like oppositional old organized body; because the one was governed by

providence.
Corresponding Secretary, George L. Clarke, Providence
Recording Secretary, William Aplin, Providence.
Treasurer, Martin Robinson.
Auditor, Joseph A. Barker.
Executive Committee—Martin Robinson, Henry Cushing, Wm. Aplin, Christopher A. Greene, John S. Eddy, Thomas Davis, George L. Clarke, William Chace, Joseph A. Barker, Sarah A. Chace, James Eames, Alphonzo R. Janes, Providence, Martin Cheney, Johnston: William Adams, Joseph Sisson, Jr., Daniel Mitchell, Pawtucket; Susan Sisson, N. Providence; Abel Tanner, Warwick; George S. Gould, Cranston.

### Anti-Slavery Congress at Washington.

The proposition of ex-Senator Morris, to hold an Antiour own part, if it is to be held, we shall protest against ken," as it is certainly so intended.

There seems, however, to be little probability that the proposed Congress will be constituted the present year.-The following paragraph from the Philanthropist no doubt expresses the feelings of the great body of abolitionists respecting it

We are inclined to think that so important a measure should be well considered, before an attempt is made to carry it into execution. There is scarcely time before the hearty co-operation, and arrange the necessary preliminaries of such a meeting. It seems to us, therefore, that it would be best to defer an attempt to bring the measure about at the approaching session of Congress. Meantime, the proposition can be taken up in the conventions which are to be held in the several States, time will be afforded for correspondence on the subject; and it can at last the brought bepondence on the subject; and it can at last be brought be-fore the National Anti-Slavery Convention, which it is in contemplation to hold next spring or summer. By that time, abolitionists may be prepared to adopt some judicious plan for carrying the measure into effect.

EMIGRATION TO THE NORTH .- A gentleman in this city has recently received a letter from a friend in Ohio, from which we are permitted to make the following extract :-"We have with us to-night a likely, stout man, who is travelling towards the North star! The man who claimed him as property in Lincoln county, Ky-, undertook to whip of them he overset with his cane, the other with his fistand left them both sprawling in the road. I sm not yet nonresistant enough to condemn him very vehemently for what he has done, under the circumstances, although I hope he will not be so naughty again. We have had numerous travellers here from the South this fall."

THE SYNOD OF OHIO, at its late meeting, re-affirmed its former resolution on the subject of slavery. As it is not published with the minutes, we are left in ignorance of its character. It is worthy of remark, however, that in the Synod's enumeration of "the great benevolent objects of the day," the anti-slavery enterprise is not included. These cc- tendered their hospitality to those from abroad. clesiastical bodies need watching. By giving a cold assent of them hope to wipe out the stain of pro-slavery, which affixed to them. Be not deceived. Faith without works is J.C. Hathaway, Farmington, Samuel Fisher, Warsaw, Gedead their past indifference or hostility to abolition efforts has

week; and, from the active preparations that are making in its behalf by the free spirited women of the Commonmay feel disposed to patronize it. Would that a spirit could be roused up in its behalf, more enthusiastic, as well as more merciful, than Bunker Hill has, on any occasion, or for any purpose, been able to excite! wealth, we have no doubt that it will surpass every similar W. M. Bond,

FRIENDS IN INDIANA. - By a letter from Arnold Buffum. Published in the last Emancipator, we learn that a Convention of members of the Society of Friends, (Orthodox.) Orrin Fisk, from various parts of the State, was held at Economy, Indiana, on the 9th ultimo, at which it was agreed to recommend to Friends throughout that yearly meeting to organize Friends' Anti-Slavery Societies; and a call was issued for a General Friends' Anti-Slavery Convention, to be held at the same place. It is a superscript of the State of the St at the same place, January 11, 1841. It was also agreed Isaac Alderman to establish a semi-monthly paper, by the title of "Friends' Alden Richarde, Anti-Slavery Chronicle, and Advocate of Peace" Several John Crocker, Edwin Painter, persons of commanding influence in the Society were among the most prominent actors in this Convention.

THE DIFFERENCE.—The London Conference excluded some of the delegates from anti-slavery societies in this Chty, (whose delegate could not concentionly join the Sarety Sarety), (whose delegate could not concentionly join the Sarety Sarety), (whose delegate could not concentionly join the Sarety Sarety), (whose delegate could not concentionly join the Sarety), (whose delegate could not not concentionly join the Sarety), (whose delegate could not not concentionly join the Sarety), (whose delegate could not not not concentionly join the Sarety), (whose d

of "usage," and the other by principle; because the one was

interest of supplication, and more interest of the greatest obstacles at present in of the anti-slavery cases, and must be removed, and the anti-slavery cases, and must be removed, and the successful of the suc

is not an abolitionist. Is the standard by which he tries his clerical brethren equally high ! Or does he require a polifician to be better than a minister, in order to obtain his confidence and support?

We ask these questions in no unkind or unfriendly spirit and shall be glad to be set right, if, in any respect, it can be shown that we are wrong. We like plain dealing, and olitionists, in any part of the country; while most, if not all have spoken just as we would have others speak of and concerning us, in the same or similar circumstances. We extions have expressed themselves in favor of it. For have no doubt that what we have said will be "kindly ta

> Amusing -The editor of the Friend of Man attributes he recent action of the Vermont Legislature to that universal panacea, the third party! We shall expect to hear year ago, originated from the same cause; and, in fact, that all that has been done in Church and State, and out of them, Adv. of Freedom. for the last ten years, has been accomplished by the reflex influence of that measure! As to the future, every thing depends upon it, and we perceive that our sagacious friend Arnold Buffum, actually expects the elevation of Birney in 1844. Our third party friends are too modest by half .-They should put their candidate in the chair on the 4th of March next. Why wait four years !

A Discovery !- In an address of the friends of the third party, written by Alvan Stewart, and published in the last Friend of Man, the following language is used:

"The power which will overthrow slavery has been disc vered; it is the terse literature of the northern ballot-box." Hitherto, abolitionists, it seems, have been groping in the dark, and bewildered with the notion, that it was by the power of truth and the "foolishness of preaching," that the great work was to be accomplished. Those days of ignorance are passing away, and, according to the logic of those on whom this new light has dawned, " God commandeth all men every where to"-join the third party!

## NOTICES.

As FREEDOM rises, SLAVERY falls!! As SLAVERY rises, FREEDOM falls!!

The subscribers having been appointed to call a general him with a hickory withe. The slave knocked him down, Convention at Le Roy, in Genesee County, N. Y., for the and left him, after having thrown him against a pile of purpose of taking into consideration the subject of Amestones. He afterwards saw him rise and sit upright. Fifty RICAN SLAVERY, and devising means for its overthrow, take miles from his starting place, two men dismounted from pleasure in extending an invitation to ALL, of every sect, on or creed, to come up and talk ov boulman, and prosecute masures for his relief.

The pecuniary, political, social and religious bearings of the subject will be fully discussed. Come on, then, brethren, sisters, and friends, and we shall find that slavery has had something to do with us, and that it is high time that we had something to do with her. She is our common enemy, and let us make common cause against her.

No pains will be spared to give interest to the occasion by securing the presence and aid of some of freedom's ablest champions.

The citizens of Le Roy, and the adjacent farmers, have

The meeting will commence on WEDNESDAY, JANto resolutions so carefully worded as to offend nobody, many UARY 6th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and continue during the pleasure of the Convention.

dead.

FAIR OF THE BOSTON FEMALE A. S. SOCIETY.—This Fair, says the Liberator, is avowedly for the purpose of sustaining the anti-slavery cause, in its old organized form, and in its pristine vigor and purity. It is to be held during Christmas week; and, from the active preparations that are making.

J. C. Hathaway, Farmington, Samuel Fisher, Warsaw, Grontario county, N. Y. Resee county.

W. O. Duvall, Port Byron, Samuel Fisher, Warsaw, Grontario county, N. Y. Resee county.

Caying county, N. Y. Resee county.

Caying county, N. Y. Resee County.

Alanson Bartlett, County.

Edward Putnam, County.

D. Hathaway, Cambria, H. M. Wells, Attica, Geneser County.

Niagara county. Niagara county. county.
David Shepard, Genesco, Liv. James Safford, Warsaw, Genesee county.

J. H. Darling,

"Hiram Morris,
"Peter Young,
"E. B Miller.
"W. H. Pettit, Perry, Genese W. F. Woodward, Horace Sheldon, Perry Cen tre, Genesce county. Samuel Howard, county. Elder J. W. Spoor, W. P. Wright, W. P. Wright,
W. Hinman,
A. Hubbell,
Rev. E. Marsh,
A. C. Chipman,
L. Hills,

A Richardson, Perry Centre,

Scizure.—A colored young man from Bangor during the last summer, was arrested in New Orleans for being out a few moments too late in the evening. He was thrown into jail, and although he had free papers, yet owing to a slight defect in the description he was not released, and the probability was that he would be sold into hopeless slaver.

mother, with all the auguish of a mother's heart

His mother, with all the anguish of a mother's neart; with the agony which a mother in such a situation can only know, proceeded to Boston and engaged the assistance of the Sec'y of State for his rescue. The result we have been waiting with much anxiety to learn.

This is Liberty! This the "protection" which a "citizen of one State" was to receive in "another!" Here is constitutional law! Here is the privilege for which the colored man fought and bled in the revolution! And where is the sympathy! Had a white inhabitant of the State faller thus among human tigers, the whole State State fallen thus among human tigers, the whole State would be moved; but now, alas! the skin is a little too ark to excite republican sympathy, either for this young num or his distressed mother. We were told in that city however, that there are honorable exceptions to this remark, and that one minister at least, who is not a professed abolitionist, has made this case a matter of earnest public prayer. We hope an interest may be felt for this mother and son, and that we may yet hear of his deliverance.—

Altr. of Freedom.

Mrs. Kinney.—In the Supreme Court yesterday, Mrs. Kinney was placed at the bar, and the Attorney General moved the Court, that an early day be assigned for her trial. Mr. Rantoul remarked to the Court, that Mrs. Kinney had not engaged her counsel, and requested a short delay until that matter could be arranged. The Attorney General stated, that he had no wish to press Mrs. Kinney, but that much delay had already taken place, and that a farther loss of time would be attended with inconvenience and expense. Mr. Parsons remarked, that having been consulted by Mrs. Kinney, although he had been obliged to decline acting as her counsel, he felt it his duty to state, that this delay was in no way to be attributed to Mrs. Kinney's wish to postpone her trial, or to any want of endeavthat this delay was in no way to be attributed to Mrs. Kinney's wish to postpone her trial, or to any want of endeavor on her part to engage counsel. Efforts were still making for that purpose, and she would probably be able to
make a satisfactory arrangement in the course of a few
days; and that she desired no delay whatever, but for this
purpose. The Attorney General replied, that, under the
circumstances, he would not press his motion; and Judge
Putnam remarked, that the request for delay was very
proper, and must be granted by the Court. The prisoner
was then remanded.—Boston D. Advertiser, Dec. 5.

In the late battle, a silver medal, about the eighth of an inch in thickness and two and a half inches in diameter, was taken from an old Indian, supposed to have been upwards of 100 years of age, who was killed; one side of which presents a profile, in relief, of James Madison, with the words "James Madison, President of the United States 1809." The reserve presents classed hands with States, 1809." The reverse presents clasped hands, with the calumet and tomahawk, and the words "Peace and Friendship."—Austin (Texas) City Gazette.

Another Melancholy Suicide. - The Philadelphia Chroni-Another Melancholy Suicide.—The Philadelphia Chronicle says:—We have just heard of one of the most melancholy suicides within our memory, committed on Friday last, near Chester, in this State. The victim was a young and beautiful girl of about 18 or 19 years old: she had been for some time afflicted with a religious monomania, and about two months since attempted for the first time to destroy herself by taking laudanum; but some members of the family perceiving the phial, labelled, lying on the table near her, medical aid was immediately summoned, and the liquid extracted. A short time after she made a second attempt by taking arsenie, but was again frustrated. Her tempt by taking arsenic, but was again frustrated. Her parents then set a watch upon her and had every possible means, such as knives, razors, &c. placed beyond her reach; but so determined was she to "shuffle off this mortal coil," hat she by some stratagem obtained an old razor, which had been used in the stable for repairing harness, cutting eather, &c., and with it she committed the rash act, while

in the sitting room of the house, and when there were none of the family present.

She survived but about a quarter of an hour afterwards, when the vital spark of one beloved by all who knew her, fled. She was about to be married to a young gentleman of that vicinity, upon whom she doted, and when one of her fits was on, she would rave and call for him.

of that vientity, upon whom she doted, and when one of her fits was on, she would rave and call for him.

Wushington.—The number of houses built this year probably exceeds the number which has been built in any one year for ten or fifteen years past; and, what is remarkable, they were not built for speculation, but to answer the immediate demands of increasing business and population. During the same time, several churches have been erected, and streets and public grounds improved. The new Treasury building, the Patent Office, and General Post Office buildings, have risen up lasting monuments of the arts, and of the prosperity of the Republic. The improvements in and around the Capitol are also very great. The great national painting of Chapman, the "Baptism of Pocohonias," attracts daily crowds of admiring visitors. Preparations are making for the reception of Greenough's Washington, which has been finished, and is soon expected. The paintings executed by Van Der Lyn, Inman and Wier, are also soon to add to the attractions of the Rotunda, and awaken fresh interest as to whatever concerns the discovery and settlement, and the glory of our country. In short, Washington is daily becoming more and more worthly of the name of its immortal founder. It was a felicitous idea of Chapman to introduce a "log cabin," in the distant view, from the Church, which is itself of scarcely less rude architecture; for it shows us the first habitation of the adventurous settler in striking contrast with the magnificence of the Capitol, which, in scarcely more than two centuries, has risen, the proud result of his toils and triumphs.—Jour. Com.

[What if the slaves were painters! Would they omit

the thieves as bail for the safe return of one of the lorses he had stolen! Other facts go to strengthen the suspicion—not the least of which is, that, as will be seen by another article, Mr. Sheriff Bucknam has since run away, leaving his creditors and bail to reap their reward for having hericorded him.

\*\*Execution.\*\*—Zachariah Freeman, the colored man, suffer-

befriended him.

The trial of these land-pirates will come on next week at Pontiac.—Detroit Daily Advertiser, Nov. 26.

Attempt to Murder.—We learn by a letter received in this city, from Charleston, that Mr. J. R. Field—(not J. M. "Straws," but the one known by the cognomen, of "Paddy Field," and who played a few nights in this city last windless than the contraction. Field," and who played a few nights in this city last winter, at the Walnut, and subsequently at the Coates street
Theatre,) on Sunday evening last, while in the tavern
known as "The Shades," on the basement floor of the
Charleston Theatre, had a dispute with a gentleman, which
resulted in Field's attempting to murder him by cutting his
throat with a knife, which was accomplished, as the story
goes, by Field's stepping up behind the gentleman, and
trawing a knife across his neck from ear to ear. The wound
inflicted though serious, the writer thought would not prove
fatal,—Philad. Chron.

Intemperance.-We are told that the people of the British Isles annually expend one hundred and twenty-five millions of dollars for bread and two hundred and fifty mil millions of dollars for broad and two hundred and fifty millions for intoxicating liquors. According to this, which we do not doubt, they expend twice as much to destroy life as they do to sustain it. But this is not all. In thus destroying life they destroy happiness here, and almost hope hereafter, in the destructive process. Estimating the cost of these intoxicating liquors at fifty cents per gallon, we find a consumption of five hundred millions of gallons; and this, among a population of twenty-five millions, affords twenty gallons annually for every human being! If this be true, can we wonder at the amount of misery and crime in the can we wonder at the amount of misery and crime in the British Isles! Were no other cause of evil in operation, this alone would be sufficient to produce all that exists.

Temperance.-The Earl of Litchfield, Postmaster Gen Temperance.—The Lart of Edennick, Postmaster General, has issued an order prohibiting any individual employed in the Post Office department, or their wives, from keeping houses for the sale of intoxicating liquors, under the penalty of forfeiting office. This order was read a few days since to one of the departments by Mr. Tyrrell, Superintending Iuspector, who has been a Teetotaller for four years.

Revenue Cutters in Winter Service. -Orders have been issued from the Treasury Department to the commanders of the revenue cutters Hamilton at Boston, Jackson at this port, Van Buren at Baltimore, Yancey at Norfolk, and Madison at Wilmington, to cruise on the coast for the relief of vessels in distress, during the winter, by furnishing them with whatever their necessities require at cost value.—Sun.

Testotalism at the Sacrament.—A curious case lately came before one of the Presbyteries in Scotland. Mr. John Murray, of Bowling, an elder of Old Kilpatrick, being a keen advocate of the testotal cause, objected to the use of common wine at the sacrament, and refused either to partake of the same, or be the means of giving it to others, contending that what had been used at the institution of the ordinance, was the juice of the grape in its unfermented contending, that what had been used at the institution of the ordinance, was the juice of the grape in its unfermented state, not the intoxicating wine of commerce. Mr. Murray's objections were taken up by the session of Kilpatrick, as inconsistent with his station and duty, and finally referred to the Presbytery, who decided that Mr. Murray could not remain a member of the Church, and expelled him accordingly. Against this decision Mr. Murray has protested, and appealed to the Synad — English paper.

Fruits of the Temperance cause in Ireland.—A file of the Dublin Herald received by the Great Western, is filled with the most interesting details of numerous meetings of all classes for the encouragement of trade and manufactures. The people having almost cn masse thrown off their Ireland.—Repeal meetings, on the most extensive scale, are being held by Mr. O'Connell. At Waterford on the 28th ult. not less than one hundred thousand persons were present, though there were none of the nobility and but very few of the gentry of the country in attendance. The learned agitator announced it to be his intention to present the petition to Her Majesty which the meeting adopted, on the petition to Her Majesty which the meeting adopted, on the earliest opportunity, and to attire himself for the occasion in a repeal costume. Mr. Hume, so well known for his interference in Canadian affairs, is member for Kilkenny, and he has been called upon by some of his constituents to join the Repeal Association. He has replied in a very long letter to the solicitation, declining to accede to their wishes, and advising them to use their immeuse power for the purpose of a reform of the House of Commons. He admits their grievances and says the casus belli "has occurred, and would warrant, by all the rules of national law, recourse to arms, to enforce the stipulations, or to dissolve, the Union." As to O'Connell he says: "I must express my sincere opinion that he is in error, and is doing mischief by his present repeal agitation."—Jour. Com.

Another Melancholy Suicide.—The Philadelphia Chroniings of charity and forbearance throughout

Deaf and Dumb Printers .- A curious account is given, Four Tubingen, in Wurtemburg, of a new printing establish ment, lately opened by M. Theodore Helgerad. All the compositors and pressmen, one hundred and ninety-six in number, eleven of the former being women, are deaf and dumb; and have been educated at great cost for the employ ment in which they are now engaged. The King has con-ferred on M. Helgerad the large gold medal, of the order of civil merit for this great reclamation from the social and

head constantly enlarges.

Mr. Woodward also reports the case Michael Aka, living on the plains in Peru, aged 103 years, and that of Robert Hio, living in Beekmantown, aged 114 years. The former has a wife 45.—Plattsburgh Republican.

Georgia.—The difficulty which occurred in the Georgia Senate in respect to the election of a U. S. Senator, has been compromised by postponing the whole subject for the The steamer Britannia left Boston at 1 o'clock on the 1st inst., for Halifax and Liverpool, having on board 51 passengers, about 40 of whom, as we learn from the Bay State Democrat, proceed to England.

Census of Ohio.—It is ascertained that the population of of Ohio is not less than 1,800,000. This will make her the third state in the Union in point of population—New-York and Pennsylvania only a greater.

It is not a little remarkable that the firs collection of Macauley's writings should have been made in the United States; and the first complete edition of Dr. Channing's works in Edinburgh,—Boston Merc. Jour.

MATIONAL ANTI-SLAVERY STANDARD.

| Err. averon. — The other of the Libertor, stoling of the same provinced by supply receipted, which were also me was a special or the later to the later

Execution.—Zachariah Freeman, the colored man, suffered the penalty of his crimes in obedience to the requisition of the law, on Thursday last. Although the execution was private, hundreds of people from both town and country, flocked to the Court House and clambered up trees in the vicinity of the Jail yard, with the endeavor to witness the classing scene. It is a singular curiosity which exists in the closing scene. It is a singular curiosity which exists in the minds of many to see a person yield up his life for the sake of the see and had the execution been public, we presume there would have been more than five thousand present to witness the sad spectacle. We understand that the prisoner acknowledged his sentence to be just, and manifested treat resignation and firmness up to the last moment.

Two petitions were fowarded to the Governor, the first

The Hollis Street Society and its Pastor, the Rev. Joh Pierpont, have been in (what may be vulgarly called) hot water, for some three or four years. We do not recollect that we have ever before alluded to the subject in this lect that we have ever before alluded to the subject in this paper,—presuming that neither our opinions or comments were desired by either party. Since, however, it appears that an ecclesiastical council, called for the purpose, has been unable to reconcile their differences, which have grown into involvente hostilities, we take the liberty to offer ourself as mediator. Let those who are for dissolving the connection, sell their pews, and leave their pastor, and those who are satisfied with him, in quiet possession of church and pulpit. They may rely upon it, that they cannot expel the minister from the pulpit. We told them so, privately, more than a year ago, and we now tell them so publicly. If they read their Bibles, they would learn the doom that awaits the incorrigible. Besides, the Christian world (which means all those who attend religious services and take the newspapers) have been annoyed long enough with this controversy; and patriotism, public spirit morality, common sense—we had almost said common decency—require that it should cease.—Boston Courier.

The Learned Blucksmith.—The public have read much

The Learned Blacksmith.—The public have read much in the papers of Mr. Elihu Burritt, now of Worcester, Mass, who has made himself master of more than 50 languages, while he is engaged at his honorable trade. Such acquisitions, under such circumstances, are not only creditable to him, but in the highest degree encouraging to others, who may make could preference by similar industry. others, who may make equal proficiency by similar industry and perseverance. Mr. Burritt is not yet 30 years of age, and is probably as fully acquainted with the languages as any other man.—N. Y. Observer.

The Mormons.—This singular sect are determined not to be driven from the face of the earth. The recent terrible persecutions they have suffered at the lawloss hands of the people of Missouri, seems to have stimulated their exertions.—They have recently purchased the steamboat Desmoines, formerly owned by the United States, and have put it in complete order, changing the name to that of their new city—Nauvoo. The boat will cun From St. Louis to Nauvoo, Galena and Dubuque. The Mormon population of Nauvoo, is estimated, at the present thme, at 3000, and 600 persons of the same sect are said to be now on their way from England.—Buffalo Commercial.

Female Counterfeiter .- We learn from the Louisville (Ky.) Gazette that at the recent session of the criminal court in that city, Mrs. Brigham, who was tried on an indictment charging her with passing counterfeit money, was convicted and sentenced to two years imprisonment in

A Man Frozen to Death. - A colored man named James

Zion's Herald .- William C. Brown has retired from the editorial charge of this paper, and given place to Rev. Abel Stevens of Providence.

Political Abolition .- The following statement co about the sum and substance of the votes polled at the late election for Mr. Birney, the Abolition "candidate for Presi-dent of the United States" out of a total of about 2,400,000

n me omied states, out	of a cotal of actour 2, Tot
States.	Abolition Votes
Pennsylvania,	343
New Jersey,	69
Ohio,	952
Michigan,	294
New-York,	2,799
Maine,	194
Massachusetts,	1618*
Illinois,	87
Vermont,	319
Connecticut,	174
Rhode Island,	42*
Total,	6891
Which includes all the sent	towner

ferred on M. Heigerad the large gold medal, of the order of civil merit for this great reclamation from the social and moral waste.

\*\*Curious Ballots.\*\*—Indian corn and beans were, in old times, the ballots made use of on the occasion of elections. The Indian corn manifested election, and the beans the contrary. If any person put in more than one Indian corn or bean for the choice or rejusal of any officer, he forfeited or every such offence, ton pounds.

\*\*Enlarged Human Head.\*\*—Mr. Woodward, U. S. Marshal for taking the census of Clinton county, reports the case of Julia Hannah Knight, daughter of Elijah Knight, of Ellenburgh. This child was 6 years old on the 22d of Angust last. Its height is three feet; around the wrist three and a half inches; from the top of car to ear over its head, which is partly transparant, twenty-seven and a half inches: The child is sprightly, though in feeble health, and delicate as an infant. Its body has grown very litle of late, but its head constantly enlarges.

\*\*Mr. We make the extract on the subject of the construction of the Housatonic Rail Road.\*—We make the extract on the subject of the construction of the Housatonic Rail Road.\*

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Female Lecturer —Mrs. Gaines, the wife of Gen Gaines, lately delivered a lecture at St. Louis on the horrors of war. It has been published, and the papers speak of it in terms

Respite of Jacob Leidings.—This convict, says the Albany Evening Journal of Friday, who was sentenced to be executed this day, we understand has been respited, and the execution of his sentence postponed to the nineteenth day of December instant, by the Governor, upon the urgent representation of clergymen of the city of his total unfitness for the awful event.

Mormons.—Two hundred of this sect came passenger to this port last week, from England. A great portion of them are members of temperance societies, and are from Leicestershire and Herefordshire.

Changing his Position.—The Hon. Levi Woodbury has been chosen a Senator in Congress from the State of New Hampshire, in place of Mr. Hubbard, whose term of office expires on the 3d of March next. Education in Kentucky.-The superintendent of public

Education in Kentucky,—The superintendent of public schools in Kentucky, in a recent address, says, that of the 140,000 children of the proper age to go to school, only about 22,000 are receiving education! He further states that it costs about as much to educate the 32,000, under the present system, as it would to educate the whole 140,000 under the common school system. Of course it is not strange to hear of a plentiful lack of the reading and writing accomplishments among the inhabitants.

Manufactures of Massachusette.—The following summary of some of the manufactures of Massachusetts is compiled from a document issued by the valuation committee of that

309 cotton factories, with 612,276 spindles. 203 woolen do with 112, 930 do. 88 iron works.

749 slitting mills and nail machines. 28 card factories.

Execution .- On the 13th of November John Liegnher, aged 30, was executed at Augusta, Indiana. The wretched man was swung off amid the military parade which used to accompany such scenes here; and in the presence of as Two petitions were fowarded to the Governor, the first to commute his punishment to imprisonment for life, the other to extend the time of execution to the 24th of February, in order that the Legislature might consider the prist oner's case—but the Executive refused to grant the request oner's case—but the Executive refused to grant the request oner's case—but the Executive refused to grant the request oner's case—but the Executive refused to grant the request oner's case—but the Executive refused to grant the request oner's case—but the Executive refused to grant the request of the Executive refused to grant the Executive refused to grant the request of the

Outrage .- A resident of this city, Mr John W. Bize, while proceeding on Saturday night last, to his boarding nouse, on the bay, on his return from a visit to a friend, was house, on the bay, on his return from a visit to a friend, was assailed by three men, genteely dressed, at the N. W. corner of Broad street and the Bay. They threw him down and rifled his pockets of some small change which they contained. He was then released, without offering any further violence to his person. He called repeatedly for the guard, who did not appear, but on this the fellows rapidly retreated round the back of the Exchange, and disappeared. On the remark being made by the person assailed, that they had obtained very little as a reward for their violence, one of the party replied that if any thing more was said the individual attacked "would have his brains knocked out."—Charleston Patriot. Dec. 1. Charleston Patriot, Dec. 1.

The Snow Storm and the Mails-The snow storm at the South seems to have been even more severe than it was with us. The cars which left here on Saturday evening for Philadelphia were detained on the road many hours. Most of the lady passengers had received no nourishment since leaving New-York seventeen hours before. They were but three miles from Bordentown by the railroad, and gentle-men had to travel eight miles in sleighs to reach there.

Another magnificent steamboat is now building in Troy, to run in connection with the Rochester, on the North river, in the spring. She is 260 feet in length, and it is said that her engine is one of the most beautiful specimens of machinery ever constructed in the United States.

In Danvers, Dr. Edward Southwick, of this town, 42. Dr. Southwick was a veary estimable citizen, and his loss will be severly felt by the community generally, as well as the bereaved family. He possesed originally a mind of superior order, which had been well improved by education and by extensive travel in foreign countries; and though his diffident and retiring manner might have prevented those not intimately acquainted with him from appreciating his worth, the fund of various and valuable information he possessed, rendered him an exceedingly interesting and instructive associate in the social circle. He possessed kind and benevolent feelings, and as a business man, he was highly esteemed. The cause of Temperance has lost a firm, substantial friend.— Augusta (Me.) Age. highly esteemed. The cause of Temperance firm, substantial friend.— Augusta (Me.) Age.

And so the anti-slavery cause has met with a loss in the death of Dr. Southwick. He faithfully espoused it at an early period, and was a useful member of the Executive Committee of the Maine A. S. Society.—Liberator.

## SOIREE.

Recent developments having settled the character of the trials which have been visited upon our estimable fellow-citizen David Ruggles, the undersigned Committee, take the community with which he stands more immed community with which he states more immediately connected," is so extensively known; therefore a public Soiree, will be given to David Rugeles, on ""denesday evening, December 23, at 8 o'clock, at the German Hall, 101 Elizabeth St. We respectfully invite the friends of Liberty, to join us at the social Soiree.

The exercises will be highly interesting.

Tokers can be obtained from the Committee of Arrangements.

The proceeds will be appropriated to the support of that efficient, free and independent periodical the MIRROR OF

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS. P. SHILDES, P. LOVERIDGE. ELI HAMILTON, L. H. NELSON, LEWIS BODINE, IRA PHILIPS, L. WILLIAMS, HARRISON COOPER, D. Rue,

GEORGE WILSON,

D. Rue, Samuel Cruger, U. Copeland. NICHOLAS GOLDESBERRY. N. B. The Soiree will be conducted on the English plan. The Auditory will be admitted only by Tickets, which re limited, at 75 cents.

Refreshments will be served at 9 o'clock. The company vill be entertained by Music appropriate to the occasion.

Speeches are expected by gentlemen from our neighbor-

ng cirios.
For Tickets apply at 251 Elizabeth St., 62 Leonard St., or at 40 Beekman St.
New-York, November 30th, 1840.

### A Rich New Year's Present. YOUTH'S CABINET. For Families and Sunday Schools, week-

ly, at \$1 per year, in advance.

THE Fourth Volume of this well known and highly approved Juvenile paper commences the first week in January, 1841, edited by N. Southard. It is made up of choice Narratives, original and select, pleasing Moral and Religions, Literary and Scientific Instruction, a variety of Useful Information, Juvenile Poetry, Anecdotes, &c., all designed to promote the best good of the young. It inculcates impartial Benevolence, Temperance, and all other Christian Virtues.

Christian Virtues.

It is neatly printed on half a royal sheet, and each number contains one or more engravings. It has been highly recommended by one hundred editors and many parents and teachers, in notices and letters like the following:

From a Mother in Springfield, Mass.

"My little girl is delighted with the Cabinet. She can scarcely wait for the week to come round; and when the little welcome messenger arrives, her work or play is laid aside, to have a feast, as she calls it, with the welcome She is willing to make any sacrifice rather than New give up her paper."

From a Clergyman in Central New-York.

"My little daughter 8 years old, is very much delighted with your paper; and indeed, I read it myself with great

interest."

We would refer those who wish for a neat, appropriate paper for their children, to the Youth's Cabinet, which they will find all they could desire in such a publication.—Green



### Old Winter Is Coming. BY HANNAR P. GOULD.

Old Winter is coming again-stack! How ley and cold is he! He cares not a pin for a shivering back, He 's a saucy old chap to white and black, He whistles his chills with a wonderful knack, For a july old fellow is he!

A witty old fellow this Winter is; A mighty old fellow of glee; He cracks his jokes on the pretty sweet miss, The wrinkly old maiden unfit to kiss, And freezes the dew of their lips,-for this Is the way with such fellows as this!

Old Winter's a frolicksome blade, I wot; He is wild in his humor, and free ! He 'll whistle along for the " want of his thought," And set all the warmth of our furs at nought, And ruffle the laces the pretty girls bought; For a frolicksome old fellow is he!

Old Winter is blowing his gusts along, And merrily shaking the tree ! From morning till night he will sing his song; Now moaning and short-now howling and long His voice is loud, for his lungs are strong-A merry old fellow is he !

Old Winter's a wicked old chap, I ween-As wicked as ever you'll see! He withers the flowers so fresh and green-And bites the pert nose of the miss of sixteen. As she flippantly walks in maidenly sheen-A wicked old fellow is he!

Old Winter's a tough old fellow for blows, As tough as ever you'll see! He'll trip up our trotters, and rend our clothes And stiffen our limbs from fingers to toes-He minds not the cry of his friends or his foes-A driving old fellow is he!

A cunning old fellow is Winter, they say, A cunning old fellow is he ! He peeps in the crevices day by day, To see how we're passing our time away. And marks all our doings from grave to gay-I'm afraid he is peeping at me!

### Applogy for the Slave Trade. BY WILLIAM LLOYD GARRISON.

I marvel that any objections are made, By those who contend for the "balance of trade," To dealing in sinews, and souls, and black skins-As if it could rank 'mongst the least of all sins.

For unless we can kidnap and purchase at pleasure, We must do our own labor, and sport -when we 've le

Oh! shocking the thought, that these delicate hands Must take hold of the plough, and cultivate lands!

Besides-these wild animals bring a high price, And make better returns than horn, camwood, or rice; And as it costs little to get and to keep them, Why not from all Africa speedily sweep them !

Do we not, by the transfer, improve their condition? Yet, ingrates! there are, to return who petition! They catch not a spark of our Christian devotion, And our kindness excites not a grateful emotion!

Since Congress has laid its terrific embargo Upon the importing of slaves as a cargo, And to this (not the tariff,) may be traced its declensions.

For certain I am, if the law were repealed. The traffic in souls a rich harvest would yield;

Though our markets were filled, yet we've buyers so many, No loss would ensue to the importers of any.

### The Pauper's Death Bed. BY MRS. SOUTHEY.

Tread softly-bow the head-In reverent silence bow-No passing bell doth toll, Yet an immortal soul Is passing now.

Stranger! however great, With lowly reverence bow; There's one in that poor shed-One by that paltry bod-

Beneath that beggar's roof, Lo! Death doth keep his state. Enter-no crowds attend-Enter-no guards defend This palace gate.

That pavement damp and cold No smiling courtiers tread; One silent woman stands Lifting with meagre hands,

A dying head.

No mingling voices sound-An infant wail alone; A sob suppressed-again That short, deep gasp, and then The parting groan.

Oh! change-Oh! wondrous change-Burst are the prison bars-This moment there, so low, So agonized-and now Beyond the stars!

Oh! change-stupendous change! There has the soulless clod The Sun sternal breaks-The new Immortal wakes-Wakes with his God.

Sonnet to \_\_\_\_ BY WILLIAM LLOYD GARRISON.

Friend of mankind! for thee I fondly cherish Th' exuberance of a brother's glowing love; And never in my memory shall perish. Thy spirit is more gentle than a dove, Yet hath an angel's energy and scope ; Its flight is towering as the heaven shove, And with the outstretched earth doth bravely cope. Thou standest on an oumence so high, All nations congregate around its base

The wrongs and sufferings of they kind dost trace Thy country is the world-thou know'st no other-

And every man, in every clime, thy brother !

MISCELLANEOUS.

brought thither. I have seen the eager group of servants, of brothers and sisters, springing forth from the domestic door as the sound of the carriage approached, in which the little stranger and its parents were coming. I have heard the exclamation of delight, of loving welcome—seen the exclamation of delight, of loving welcome—seen the extraordinary man. I walked down the extraordinary man the little unknown. There was the countries and its fountains were not congouled in the bosom of him who then most needed its genial influence, oven by the terrors which surrounded lim for the four hours during which his final rescue gian finnes soon grovels, and wallows away half his civilization. Where ought he to be, but by the crowding round to gaze on the little unknown.

from his field perhaps—a boy when he went— now a man, with a lofty, dashing figure, a manly they drove up rapidly to the old cottage, hats voice; and so grown out of his former self that flew into the air; the whole village rang with dispersed themselves into the world and not ment to the old people! Here was their soncome home even to die, but have been borne to after twenty anxious years-after all their hopes,

"Take me home that I may die! or, if that may fathers!" Though they should have traversed the world—though they should have sojumend the world—though they should have sojumend the world—though they should have sojumend to the world have sojumend the world—though they should have sojumend the world—though they should have sojumend to the world have sojumend to the same side. Well said the ancient, "Above they have solve that in the same side to that in the water. Making his way slowly am deautiously along the inner slope of the dam, he at length reached the boat still suspended and swinging with its half-doomed passenger where it was first so providentially moored: and by means of rope, pole and oars, the whole were safely brought other people, other manners, other loves, they hood, and in amomentit was soized with avidity by may have forgotten for years their father-land; a dozen eager claimants of recognition; and again yet when the last hour comes, the soul arises in a loud hurra proclaimed the triumph of the assemits agony, and stretches itself towards the home of its youth, and in the last gushing passion of love, would fain fly hither, ere it quits the earth for-with the General on the lawn—it was too inter-

grave of one of the greatest poets, and one of the ture, and the blessedness of human life. I had doubtless thankful to have escaped even with a inost extraordinary men of this or any other age. It was in a little miserable village; and he had gone and dwelt in the lands of his old renown—in the lands of present and perpetual beauty in the had walked with the mightiest, and wisest, and most illustrious of the earth; and not only the multitude, by they had looked unon him the convergence of vectorial of the alchem were convergenced even with a fit of sickness. We have not learned the name of the brave and generous man through whose agency his rescue was accomplished.

The Bible. the multitude, b.t. they had looked upon him the coarseness or restraint of the plebean was with wonder and admiration; he had desired his deportment. So much is the internal grace -and here from all his wanderings, all his specu-

These things I have seen; these every one cribe it-I must go on. sees and almost every day-but it was my lot lately to notice one or two incidents arising out of this strong law of nature that deserve a more particular attention.

I was paying a rather long visit in one of the midland counties, and was in the habit of strolling far in the mornings from the habitation of my collected in groups in the street. I immediately linagined that it was the wake; but tobserving in agined that it was the wake; but tobserving in agined that it was the wake; but tobserving in stalls of toys or sweetmeats, no shows or signs of wake amusements, I was at a loss to account for this holiday aspect of things. The first human creatures that I approached were some boys; and I asked them what particular causes of holiday, and I asked them what particular causes of holiday, making they had. "Oh!" said they, "don't you know!"—the General is coming!" "The General is coming!" "The General is coming!" "The General is coming the water power at that power of the though it is to the water the carrier of the caused in th

"Yes, sir," said the woman, "It is not every day that such things happen; but this is General R.——"'s native village. In that house he was born as poor a boy as any in the place; but was born as poor a boy as any in the place; but but wo cataracts, the current is exceedingly rather two cataracts. was born as poor a boy as any in the place; but he was a clever, active lad, and the clergyman took notice of him; took him into his service, and gave him as much learning as if he had been his own son. When he was grown up, he wen as a servant to the clergyman's son, who was an officer to the Indies. There the young gentleman died, but before he died, knowing that he could not live, and being very fond of R—, who had served him very diffigently, and waited on him in his illness, and read to him, he made over his commission to him. He continued many years in the Indies, and distinguished him—

The state of the dam, therefore, his into the pound. Mesting the owner soon after, he told him what he had done; and if I catch him on the road, I'll do it again, said he. 'Neighbor,' replied the other, and if I catch him on the road, I'll do it again, said he. 'Neighbor,' replied the other, and if I catch him on the road, I'll do it again, said he. 'Neighbor,' replied the other, and if I catch him on the road, I'll do it again, said he. 'Neighbor,' replied the other, not long since I looked out of my window in the night, and I saw your caute in my meadow, and I drove them out and shut them up in your yard—and I'll do it again.' Struck with the replication of the limit who when the sevent of the borse from the pound, and I'll do it again.' Struck with the replication of the limit who was sealed, for even should his frail the looked out of my window in the local time, and I'll do it again.' Struck with the replication of both second. The Postalozzian system is many years in the Indies, and distinguished him.

Mr. Wh. C. Weaster would respectfully amounce, that the local time into the pound, and if I catch him on the road, I'll do it again, son he held core of the study and done: And if I catch him on the road, I'll do it again, son he held core of the study and practice of School for the study and Plate of the nimin who was a new respectfully amounce, that the local time into the local time here of the limit to be of the l many years in the Indies, and distingushed him- was no eye save the eye of Him to whom the many years in the Indies, and disingushed himself greatly in the wars. He was reckoned one of the elevarest and boldest men in the army; hand save His that could save him; and a speedy and though at first his brother officers looked very shy on him, and some even insulted him, on account of his birth, yet, spite of all, he rose by degrees to the rank of Major. Many present the save him somewhat higher than the rest; where after the own opinion, but full of it, and never omits an analysis of the connection of the own opinion, but full of it, and never omits an analysis of the connection of the object. ents, and much money, he sent to his purents, shooting nearly half way over, it grated and fiopportunity of making it known.

With such a man, we should never dispute,

their native scenes on the bier, that their ashes might mingle with the ashes of their kindred.

Melancholy home-bringings are these! but they show the mighty power that resides in that their special content of the party now volunteered an attempt which his courage made successful. With a long pole in his hands, and with a long rope made fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body, which his commade fast by one end to his body.

rer.

It is but a few years ago that I stood by the held a sight fuller of the nobility of human na-

lations, and all his glory, to this little obscure was spread. A light canopy was erected over coherent and contrarious; it justifies in one state and unattractive nook of earth, he was brought! it, our feet were on the turf, and around us a or country what it punishes in another; it holds Not a spot of all those beautiful ones might de-fraud this of its rightful due; nature was more —a thousand sweet flowers breathed their olors pable of disastrous perversion; it is governed by powerful than time or space, or passion or fame; upon us. Many a joyful day I have witnessed dust must mingle with its kindred dust.

—a happier than this never! But I cannot dessociety. Take away THE BIBLE, and our war-

### From the Rochester Domocrat, Nov. 26th. Four Hours of Peril and Terror-Rescue from the

Brink of the Cataract,

"Providential rescues," but never of a situation laws, and ordinances, and commandments, ne-

labors—dressed in their best, and old and young Mr. Kidd, one of the hands employed in the change one of its acts. It is impartial: it exaltcollected in groups in the street. I immediately flouring mill of Avery & Thurber, just above the eth the humble and abaseth the proud, it has no imagined that it was the wake; but observing Middle Falls of the Genesee, in the north part respect of persons, it levels all the vain distinc-

ington, and followed him in all his victories in rout which was sweeping under and around it, The Winter Fireside - Spring, summer and Spain, and thence into France, and was in the assuring him how evenly balanced it was upon a autumn have each their appropriate delights, and treat battle of Waterloo. When the war was pivot; how slight an additional force would be these are mostly enjoyed under the blue heavens, Bringing Home.

Any war. Howere.

Home is a magic sound, every true author stamps upon his page an intense feeling of its sacred and affectionate power. The thousand incidents, interests, and relationships that spring thence, and wrap our mortal life in all its varieties of peace or happiness, or misory, have been depicted by the strongest and the feeblest pans, with an equal feeling of pleasure, but with far different vigor. To my unind, no circumstances connected with home are more attracting and affecting than the bringing thirther individuals in the various stages of existence, under the various of the various stages of existence, under the various of the various stages of existence, under the various of the various stages of existence, under the various of the various stages of existence, under the various of the various stages of existence, under the various of the various stages of existence, under the various of the various stages of existence, under the various of the various stages of existence, under the various of the various of the various stages of existence, under the various of th the various stages of existence, under the various stages of existence, under the various aspects of fortune. I have seen the infant, who is still alive, and every body in the village spreading the pail and sounding the requiem of their intended victim! How small appeared his gifts, a wife, and abundance of little clive branches about his table, learns fully what is meant by the As the woman told her story, a crowd of her chance of escape! But,

"Hope springs eternal in the human breast,"

and shaking of hands—heard the cries of surprise at his growth, his change, his improvement. I have seen, too, the gentle, timid girl return under the same circumstances—seen the mother's kisses, her tears, her proud smiles—seen the beheld what a change a little time had made even in those young creatures;—how the gay familiarity of the days ere they parted wore gone—how they looked at each other, and felt strange, and evidently wondered in their own minds, at the alteration in each other, so unlike the beings of each other's memory, till they became shy and silent.

I have seen the tall yout coming from abroad, from his field perhaps—a boy when he wont—riage with dust, and laurel, and oaken boughs; and solubt 10 o'clock, to see that all was safe before green and waited the event. Presently I saw the heads of all stretched forward, and their eyes fixed on an eminence at some distance opposite. He supposed that it was from some person on the opposite side of the river, and was at first discontending for the night, heard one of his cries. He supposed that it was from some person on the opposite side of the river, and was at first discontending for you,—by those who must inherit honor or disgrace from your course of life. Shun the bar of dense crowd hurrying up towards the village—a cloud of dust inovering above them as they and thinking that it sounded like a cry of distress, determined to cross over and afford what relief on the middle and all ran with one accord down the lane. I soon district the supposed that it was from some person on the opposite side of the river, and was at first discontending for you,—by those who must inherit honor or disgrace from your course of life. Shun the bar on the supposed that it was from some person on the opposite of the river, and was a trist discontending for you,—by those who must inherit honor or disgrace from your course of life. Shun the all cloud of their virial here. Let your chief joys be shared by her who had of the river, and was at first discover and without a li no doubt now remained respecting Kidd's situa-

To rescue him from it, if possible, was now Hew into the air; the whole village rang with the object. Sometime was spent in trying to it required some time and intercourse to discover, one tremendous hurra: and amid the bustle I the object. Sometime was spent in trying to construct a raft; but as an attempt to bring him be, but is not. This ideal may be high and companions of my youth who have graves of the companions of my youth who have when the contract of the object. Sometime was spent in trying to construct a raft; but as an attempt to bring him off by a craft so unmanageable, would be attended with vastly more danger to those making it.

What a moment was that! What a moment was that! What a moment was that the whole village rang with the object. Sometime was spent in trying to construct a raft; but as an attempt to bring him off by a craft so unmanageable, would be attended with vastly more danger to those making it.

What a moment was that! What a mooff by a craft so unmanageable, would be attended with vastly more danger to those making it, in all men, that really seek to improve, it is betthan chances of deliverance to him, the project ter than the actual character. Perhaps no one is was abandoned.

conqueror in his bed of victory—the poet in the seconds, he came out. I caught a glance of his vanced, and with which he was to be drawn Niagara with a straw, or hold in the swelling glorious sunset of his mortal course, all cry, tall, noble figure—of his manly, sun-scorched water Mahing his way slowly and course, all cry, tall, noble figure—of his manly, sun-scorched water Mahing his way slowly and course, all cry, tall, noble figure—of his manly, sun-scorched water Mahing his way slowly and course. pole and oars, the whole were safely brought ashore, and Mr. Kidd was restored as it were to life, after enduring the mental sufferings, the nelife, after enduring the mental sufferings, the perils and terrors of his awful situation, more painful if possible, than death itself, for about four hours. Some idea of his intense sufferings during that time, may be derived from the fact that he has been sick in consequence of them ever since. He is

BY WILLIAM LLOYD GARRISON,

THE BIBLE-THE BIBLE! how shall we subpleasure, and reaped it, down to the coarse and jagged stubble of pain and barrenness; he had panted for renown, and won it in its fullness; he had rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had a rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had line or circumstance. It is the friends of his early days, or their children; his eyes perhad rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had line or circumstance. It is the friends of his early days, or their children; his eyes perhad rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had line or circumstance. It is the friends of his early days, or their children; his eyes perhad rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had line or circumstance. It is the friends of his early days, or their children; his eyes perhad rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had line or circumstance. It is the friends of his early days, or their children; his eyes perhad rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had line or circumstance. It is the friends of his early days, or their children; his eyes perhad rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had line or circumstance. It is the friends of his early days, or their children; his eyes perhad rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had or circumstance. It is the friends of his early days or their children; his eyes perhad rejoiced to sail on the wide seas; he had or circumstance. It is the friends of his early days or their children is the first factor of the conscience, and successfully impeach the crimination of the conscience, and successfully impeach the crimination of the first factor of the conscience, and successfully impeach the crimination of the conscience and c sat amid the eternal and most magnificent moun-tains and gathered up thoughts of everlasting grandeur; all that was lovely in nature and in man he had seen and partaken without scruple, and without measure; he had even turned in scorn from his native land, and sworn that his the one hand by a servant, and on the other by bones should never lie in its bosom; but death stood before him and his heart melted, and acknowledged its allegiance to the mighty power of nature—to the irresistible force of early ties his parents and his benefactor to witness it. A beautiful place was that where the table BLE? Human legislation-what is it? It is infare with oppression and infidelity, and intemperance, and impurity, and crime, is at an end: our weapons are wrested away-our foundation is removed-we have no authority to speak, and

no courage to act. We desire to thank God for THE BIBLE. It is We have heard of many "awful situations," and his Statute Book, in which are recorded all the friend into the neighboring fields, forests, and hamlets. As I entered a village one day, I found all its inhabitants unoccupied with their ordinary strikingly Providential.

Mr. Kild, one of the hands completed in their best, and old and young.

The Opinionated -He nover suspects him- | \$3,

rom time to time; but at the moment that he returned to England, the army was going to Sputt, and he was ordered to accompany it—and there he went, almost without having set one foot on his native shores. There he fought under Well-was still rising. His boat, rocked by the cur-

happy syllable, Home.
The rivals of our Home are many and fearful

the earnest looks and gestures of curious joy—
the crowding round to gaze on the little unknown
face—the snatching up of the long desired prize—
that abode which, henceforth, is the home of all.
Again, I have seen the boy come bounding in
from his half year's absence at school, all life,
all health, and pleasure—seen the glad embraces
and shaking of hands—heard the cries of surprise
at his growth, his change, his improvement.

I the village, and drew near the cottage of his pathe commenced shouting for help, and though
the solitary labors and vexations of the day, and
the solitary labors and vexations of the day, and
the solitary labors and vexations of the day own, the solitary labors and vexations of the day own, the solitary labors and vexations of the day own, the solitary labors and vexations of the day own, the solitary labors and vexations of the day own, the solitary labors and vexations of the day own, the solitary labors

ASPIRATIONS OF THE SOUL .- Every man has the object. Sometime was spent in trying to at times in his mind the Ideal of what he should One of the party now volunteered an attempt be wiser, better, and more holy. Man never which his courage made successful. With a fails so low, that he can see nothing higher than

Power of Truth .- You shall as soon stay

### NOTICES.

IMPORTANT MEETINGS. Come One, Come All.

and tried friends of the Slave, in the western counties of ed muslins, printed and plain pangees, bleached unbleachthis State, it was deemed advisable to hold anti-slavery mixed, and lead-colored kinting cotton, cotton and l

sides a number of volunteer speakers, who have kindly of- goods, wholerale and retail. ered their aid. Friends of the slave, will you not rally !-Let the old and the young, the grave and the gay-men, women and children-all who claim to be human, come up to the rescue of suffering humanity! The object is noble, goods can have them sent, by forwarding their orders to to the rescue of suffering humanity! C WISE

nd co-operation. Will you no		
Hamburgh, do.	Sunday,	13.
Aurora, do.	Monday,	14.
Attica, Genesce co.	Wednesday,	16.
Batavia, do.	Thursday,	17:
Lockport, Niagara co.	Friday	18.
Hartland, do.	Tuesday,	22.
Albion, Orleans co.	Thursday,	24.
Brockport, Monroe co.	Saturday,	26.
Rochester, do.	Sunday,	27.
Henrietta, do.	Wednesday.	30.

The meetings will commence at I o'clock, P. M. and be ued through the evening

J. C. HATHAWAY, W. C. ROGERS, W. O. DUVALL. LORENZO HATHAWAY, ESEK WILBUR, P. D. HATHAWAY. PLINY SEXTON.

Farmington, Ontario co , N. Y. } Nov. 2, 1840.

SECOND APPEAL TO THE PUBLIC ON BEHALF and Nassau streets. OF THE AFRICANS TAKEN IN THE AMISTAD.

The time has now arrived when new and heavy expenses are to be incurred for the protection and deliverance of the thirty-six surviving Africans who are still in the custody of our government, awaiting the final decision of the Supreme Court of the United States. Several hundreds of dollars are still due for the expenses of instructing them daily for upward of fifteen months, and eminent counsel will

will also be published. Money can be sent to Sunuel D, Hastings, Esq., No. 20 Commerce street, Philadelphia; to Rev. A. A. Phelps, No. 36 Washington street, Boston; or to Lewis Tappan, 122 Pearl street, and 131 Nassau street, Nass Vasis

of admission to the above schools may be ob-the Book stores of Gould, Newman & Saxton, Nassau and Fulton streets, John P. Haven, and of Mr. W. at his Hull, on the evenings and

G. H. ANDREWS, Courier & Enq. Office.

## PRIENDS' INTELLIGENCER For sale by Isane T. Hopper,

143 Nannan Street. THE FRIENDS INTELLIGENCER A.

This latter work can be had separately -price 50 cen Right and Wrong in the Anti-

by the soul
Only, the nations shall be great and free!
Wosnawonin,

THE Seventh Annual Report of the Boston Fem. Anti-Slavery Society, presented October 14, 184 for sale at the anti-slavery office, 143 Nassau st. Price, 1

Stavery Societies.

The following selection from it is the purest gold, a

imbers, but by laborious and energetic but by my Spirit, saith the Lord of hosts!" Nov. 19, 1840.

### Just Published.

The Enroy. From Free hearts to the Free." COLLECTION of original pieces in poetry and pro-published by the Pawticket Juvenile Emancipati Society, for the benefit of its funds.

This little volume is confidently recommended to the

of all slavery.

For sale at 143 Nassau street—25 Cornhill, Boston—4

Anti-Slavery Office, Providence, and at J. M'Intyre's, Patucket, R. I. Price 42 cts.

New York, November 19, 1840.

### Free Dry Goods.

The subscribers, having consulted with many of the true CALICOES, bleached and unbleached muslins, bleached and unbleached Canton flaunci, apron check, col meetings in the following places and at the following times.

Measures have been taken to secure some of the ablest advocates of Human Rights which the country affords, be-

CHARLES WISE,

Corner of Arch & Fifth street
Philadelphia, 11th mo. 12, 1840.
N. B. Persona from a distance wishing any of the abo

## Dr. Church's Tooth Powder,

OR THE GREAT TOOTH PRESERVATIVE It is excellent in cleaning the Teeth and mak them white, and preventing their decay. In order to ke the teeth clean and wholesome, the Brush and Powder in be used; for, by the trequent mastication of food, there viscid matter which adheres to the teeth, and which, if

red, causes disease and docay.

It is an infallible cure for the Tartar collected on a wholly removing it. Now, whenever tartar is s the game, a occasions the sweining and inhaming, the game, causing absorption and the expulsion of the ferrom the laws, while it is the source of great pain.

3. It is sure to cause and preserve a sweet breath, a pleasant taste to the mouth. Sad indeed is the cvil, the days to the days resume of causing the days are supported by the contract of th

about by neglect. For there is and there can be not about by neglect. For there is and there can be not worse for an individual than a had breath; yet by overlo-ing the teeth, how many hundreds and thousands have as agreeable breath; and when in conversation, even, are scious of it, and involuntarily turn their heads!—Still, all can be remedied in a short time, by the application of powder, so that health, comfort and beauty, and a sw breath will be in the possession of all 4. It hardens the gums. When the gums are soft spongy, this powder will make them hard. Noarly one-of the teeth which are lost, is owing to the disease of soft and some gums, and called the soft and some gums and called the soft and some gums.

ANTI-SLAVERY ALMANAC FOR 1841. This Almanac is filled with a great amount of original interesting matter, from the pen of Theodore D. We used only to ascertain the time of the sun's rising and ting, but at once read it through attentively. When I have done this, you will feel like co-operating with a friends to put a copy into every family in your respect towns.—Liberator.

IF Price \$30 per 1000. 6 conts single. To be had

INFORMATION WANTED —Of EDWARD POWELL, Is CAPHABINE CRUMWELL, his sister, formerly of Flatbel L. I., subsequently of Brooklyn and of this city. Any faon knowing either of the above named persons, or it children, will confer a favor by leaving word at this off or at 61 Cherry street, upon A RELATIVE

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